







# **STEP 3: KNOW THE BUSH FIRE ALERT LEVELS**

#### WHEN A FIRE OCCURS

There are some simple things you can do around your property to prepare it against the risk of fire.

You need to prepare well beforehand as leaving it to the last minute is too late.



A fire has started.
There is no immediate danger.
Stay up to date in case
the situation changes.



# WATCH AND ACT

There is a heightened level of threat.
Conditions are changing and you need to start taking action to protect you and your family.



# **EMERGENCY**WARNING

An Emergency Warning is the highest level of Bush Fire Alert. You may be in danger and need to take action immediately. Any delay now puts your life at risk.







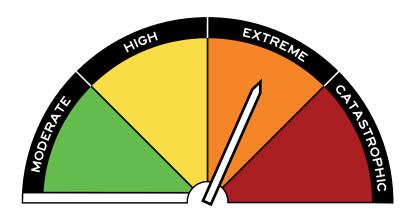


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#### **FIRE DANGER RATINGS**

Your safety and survival may depend on the decision you make, even before there is a fire. Monitor the Fire Danger Ratings daily at www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/fdr.

The higher the fire danger rating, the more dangerous a fire is likely to be.



#### **RATINGS AND WHAT TO DO**

# **MODERATE**

## PLAN AND PREPARE

At **MODERATE**, most fires can be controlled. Plan and prepare and be ready to act if there is a fire.

# HIGH

## **BE READY TO ACT**

At **HIGH**, be ready to act. Fires can be dangerous, so be alert for fires in your area.

## **EXTREME**

## **TAKE ACTION NOW**

TO PROTECT LIFE AND PROPERTY

At **EXTREME**, fires will spread quickly and become extremely dangerous. If a fire starts, take immediate action. If you and your property are not prepared to the highest level, go to a safer location well before the fire impacts.

# **CATASTROPHIC**

FOR YOUR SURVIVAL

LEAVE BUSH FIRE RISK AREAS

Under **CATASTROPHIC** conditions, if a fire starts and takes hold, lives are likely to be lost. For your survival, leave bush fire risk areas.

**NO RATING** - The white bar is used on days when there is no fire danger, and means no action is required.